

# PUPIL PREMIUM

## PACE SETTERS



### **Pupil Premium 2017-18**

This strategy is designed to enhance the progress made in narrowing the gap, by Year group, for socially disadvantaged pupils.

The Pupil Premium was introduced in April 2012. It was allocated to children from low-income families who were known to be eligible for free school meals, and children who had been looked after continuously for more than six months. Eligibility for the Pupil Premium for 2012 – 2013 was extended to pupils who have been eligible for free school meals at any point in the last 6 years (known as Ever 6 Free School Meals Measure). Schools also receive funding for children who have been looked after continuously for more than six months, and a smaller amount for the children of service personnel.

Schools employ strategies, validated by research, that support pupils to improve their attainment, and '*narrow the gap*'. Schools are accountable for narrowing the gap, and school performance tables include measures that show the attainment of pupils who receive the pupil premium compared with their peers. The Pupil Premium Grant (PPG) provides funding for two policies:

- Raising the attainment of disadvantaged pupils of all abilities to reach their potential
- Supporting children and young people with parents in the regular armed forces

[www.gov.uk/government/publications](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications)

### **Pupil Premium Funding**

In the 2017 to 2018 financial year, schools will receive the following funding for each child registered as eligible for free school meals at any point in the last 6 years:

- £1,320 for primary-aged pupils
- £935 for secondary-aged pupils
- £300 per Ever 5 Service Children pupils and
- £1,900 for Post- Looked After Children (adopted from care) pupils

Schools also receive £1,900 for each pupil who:

- has been looked after for 1 day or more
- has been adopted from care
- has left care under:
  - A special guardianship order
  - A residence order
  - A child arrangement order

	<b>PP%</b> <b>Y7-11</b>	<b>PP</b> <b>Pupils</b>	<b>Funding</b>
<b>2016-17</b>	25%	335	£309,160
<b>2017-18</b>	25%	324	£294,075

At The Whitby High School, we have used research from various sources, including the Education Endowment Fund's (EEF) Teaching & Learning toolkit, the Pupil Premium Awards and the DfE's families of schools database to help us plan how to use our additional funding.

Recent research carried out by Sutton Trust (July 2016) to identify which ways of spending time and money are likely to lead to the biggest possible increase in pupils' learning indicates:

[www.educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk](http://www.educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)

- One to one – potential gains of 5 months
- ICT – potential gains of 4 months
- Homework (Secondary) – potential gains of 5 months
- Phonics – potential gains of 4 months
- Collaborative Learning – potential gains of 5 month
- Smaller group sizes – Potential gains of 5 months
- Feedback – Potential gains of 8 months
- Meta cognition – Potential gains of 8 months
- Holiday courses – Potential gains of 2 months
- Mastery Learning – Potential gains of 5 months
- Reading Strategies – Potential gains of 5 months
- Peer Tutoring - Potential gains of 6 months

### **John Dunford's 'Ten-Point Plan'**

This helps to inform our practice and identify key areas of spending.

***'High quality teaching must be at the core of all pupil premium work. It follows that it is legitimate to spend PP funding on raising the quality of teaching.'***

**Step 1:** Articulate a whole school goal which will be achieved through PP funding.

**Step 2:** Analyse the specific barriers to learning for PP pupils at The Whitby High School. *Barriers to learning might include poor parenting, limited access to language, poor literacy levels, poor attendance, low aspirations, low expectations, narrow experience of life outside school.*

**Step 3:** Define the desired outcomes of PP spending.

**Step 4:** Against each desired outcome, identify success criteria.

**Step 5:** Evaluate current PP strategies.

**Step 6:** Research the evidence of what works best – three recommendations:

a) Seek out excellent practice in other schools, using [http://apps.nationalcollege.org.uk/closing\\_the\\_gap/index.cfm](http://apps.nationalcollege.org.uk/closing_the_gap/index.cfm) and <http://www.pupilpremiumawards.co.uk>

b) Use the excellent Education Endowment Foundation Toolkit <http://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/toolkit/>,

c) Study the Ofsted report on pupil premium where there is a list of successful approaches on page 3 <http://www.ofsted.gov.uk/resources/pupil-premium-how-schools-are-spending-funding-successfully-maximise-achievement>. Evaluate PP strategies in the light of the points made in this report.

**Step 7:** Decide on the optimum range of strategies to be adopted.

**Step 8:** In-depth training for all staff must take place.

**Step 9:** Monitor the progress of PP-eligible pupils frequently.

**Step 10:** Put an audit trail on the school website for PP spending.

PIXL's '*Closing the Gap Toolkit*' will be utilized to inform best practice from the latest research and development in this area. When Brian Lightman from PIXL considers why the gap matters, it is '*because people matter and it remains our moral imperative to improve the life chances of all young people and especially the most vulnerable.*'

## **Whitby High School Context**

We are a mixed comprehensive with an average of 1330 students, excluding the sixth form.

Year 11	Total	Pace Setters Students	Pace Setters %	High Ability Pace Setters Students	High Ability Pace Setters % of PP
2016/17 (Left)	245	62	25%	14	19%
2017/18 (Y11)	261	52	20%	13	25%
2018/19 (Y10)	264	57	22%	14	25%
2019/20 (Y9)	268	73	27%	21	29%
2020/21 (Y8)	278	76	27%	16	21%
2021/22 (Y7)	283	78	28%	24	31%

Y7 (2021/22) figures will be confirmed officially in January 2018

## Spending, Impact and Evaluation

Please open the below links for further information on how we have used our Pupil Premium allocations to ensure that it has a direct impact on the pupils that require it most.

- Review: Impact for academic Year 2016/17
- Key priorities for academic Year 2017/18

### Documents

[Review and Evaluation of the Impact of Pace Setter Spending 2016/17](#)

[Key Pace Setter Priorities for the academic year 2017/18](#)